

WORKERS RISE IN OPPOSITION TO GERMANISM SEEKING PEACE

In Vienna and Neustadt Alone More Than One Hundred Thousand Operatives Leave Work and Factories Are Closed Down

MUNITION FACTORIES AFFECTED BY ACTION

Labor Riots Occur In Madrid. Factories Attacked and Guard Fires on Mobs Killing Three and Wounding Others

LONDON, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Driven to desperation by long continued privations and hunger and roused to a righteous wrath against Germany the workers of Austria have risen in an economic and industrial revolution and a general strike has been called. This news reached Paris in despatches received yesterday.

FACTORIES CLOSE

Already the walkout has occurred and it is spreading throughout the whole of the nation, the reports said. In Vienna and in the important manufacturing city of Neustadt more than a hundred thousand workmen have left their jobs. Even the munition factories are included in the strike orders and the situation for such industries is critical. In Neustadt, always an important manufacturing center and even more so since the war all of the factories are reported as closed or closing.

GERMANISM DENOUNCED

The strikers are described as being strongly anti-Germanic in their expressions and openly antagonistic to all things and to all plans of a German nature. They are especially determined upon securing peace and their hostility to Berlin is openly voiced. They assert Berlin is determined to force Austria to continue in the war despite the desire of the great masses of working people for peace and the frequent expressions of those desires by the people.

It is reported that the Socialistic elements of the country are in full and more or less outspoken sympathy with the strikers.

RIOTS IN MADRID

Labor riots occurred in Madrid yesterday and damage to property and bloodshed followed. Despatches said mobs formed and attacked factories in the Spanish capital. The men were joined by women and attacks upon shops and homes soon followed. The guard was called out and when the mobs refused to disperse quietly opened fire upon the crowd killing three and wounding a number of others. When the shots were fired the mobs broke and ran and quiet was soon restored.

UTAH TAILOR IS PUT OUT OF WAY

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, January 21.—Herman Frederick Wilhelm Babbel, a tailor, has been arrested by the federal authorities and interned at Fort Douglas, near here, on charge of being an enemy alien and dangerous to the United States government. On July 18 Babbel was given a permit allowing him as an alien enemy to remain within a zone one-half mile from government institutions in Utah. On many occasions, it is stated, he abused the privileges extended to him by declaring that President Wilson had brought on the war as a paid agent of England.

BRITISH GENERAL IS FOUND DEAD IN HIS BED

LONDON, January 21.—(Associated Press)—General Sir Beauchamp Duff, who commanded the British forces in India from 1913 to 1916 was found dead in his bed yesterday morning when he failed to appear for breakfast.

HEARING OF MALVY WILL ROUSE FRENCH PEOPLE

PARIS, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Developments of a highly sensational nature are expected today when the senate takes up the consideration of the charges preferred against Louis Malvy, former minister of the interior which are closely connected with those against Premier Clemenceau, of whom he is charged with being cat's paw, tool and go-between.

When George Clemenceau assumed the task of organizing a new French ministry he declared one of his purposes was to bring to account Louis Malvy, called profligate, gambler, conspirator and traitor, who, he alleged, through official position was able to exercise a powerful influence on the French government and almost succeeded in bringing General Sarraill, also involved in the charges, into the position now so ably held by General Lefere.

Several Others Involved

The charges against Sarraill hang together with those brought against Joseph Caillaux, Louis Malvy, Bolo, "Basta," and all the remainder of the unscrupulous crew, some of whom are under lock and key, two or three of whom are dead, under mysterious circumstances, while the others are fugitives from justice.

Indeed, had it not been for the Vigo and Bolo scandal, vigorously and patriotically exploited by Leon Daudet, we might never have heard the true story of the betrayal of Rumania, and of the nefarious pro-German, anti-French, anti-entente, and therefore, anti-American, intrigues of ex-Premier Caillaux and of former Minister of the Interior Malvy.

Malvy Goes After Check

An attempt was made by Louis Malvy, then minister of the interior, to recover the check for Duval, on the ground that he was acquainted both with the latter and with the man in whose favor it was drawn, a certain Vigo, editor of a paper of insidiously pacifist and anti-entente tendencies, and which subsequent developments showed to have been liberally subsidized by Caillaux, from his large private fortune, and by Malvy, from the secret funds of the department of the interior.

Fortunately, the military authorities declined to defer to the orders of Malvy. They pursued their inquiries until they had acquired the necessary proofs that the check came from the German espionage bureau in Switzerland, and thereupon the military gov-

ernment of Paris gave orders for the arrest of Vigo on a charge of being in the pay of the enemy.

Known Well By Minister

Vigo, who had formerly gone by the name of Almeyre, and who in spite of being an ex-convict, and an adventurer of the most shady character, was on terms of such intimacy with Minister of the Interior Malvy that they used to address one another familiarly as "thou" and "Vigo," like Bolo, was the recipient of all sorts of official favors and privileges, took his arrest very coolly, and openly boasted that unless he was immediately set at liberty he would make a clean breast of the entire "Oriental papers" affair, of which nothing had been heard by the public up to that time.

The threat proved Vigo's death warrant. For before he had time to make any further revelations about the Oriental paper matter he was found strangled in his cell with his boot laced tightly around his throat; the examination of the corpse affording incontestable proof of the fact that it was a case not of suicide but of murder.

These so-called "Oriental question" papers found in the safe of the murdered Vigo were not only voluminous but of such a startling character as to necessitate further inquiries of the most confidential and discreet nature to secure corroboration.

Meanwhile, Malvy had been compelled to resign from the cabinet owing to the persistence of the attacks brought against him day by day in the Paris Action Française, edited and owned by Leon Daudet, a journal which until the outbreak of the war was violently Royalist, but which since the beginning of the conflict has, like the members of the party which it represented, abandoned for the time being all mere party politics, devoting itself to the safety and welfare of France.

Finally, Daudet addressed an official letter to the president of the republic, and a copy thereof to Premier Painleve, directly charging Malvy with high treason and offering to furnish the proofs. This letter was read in the chamber of deputies, which had the effect of creating a demand in public opinion, and also by the people, that either Daudet should be called upon to pay the full penalties of the law for so maliciously maligning a member of the national legislature and a cabinet minister, or else that Malvy should be brought to the bar of justice.

BOLSHEVIKI DISSOLVE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

PETROGRAD, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Unable to control the newly organized constituent assembly by numerical strength, the Bolsheviks and Maximalists have resorted to autocratic methods and employed force to put their will over the majority. The legislative government has declared the constituent assembly dissolved and have overridden the will of the people as expressed in the elections. To disperse the delegates armed sailors were called in from the navy.

The climax came at four o'clock Saturday morning, when a large detachment of sailors arrived at the convention hall, entered and disrupted the meeting which was in all night session, forcibly ejecting the delegates from the building and closing the doors, remaining on guard to prevent any return that might be attempted.

The break came when the Bolsheviks and Maximalist delegates left the hall after the assembly had by its vote gone on record as failing to approve the peace methods adopted by the Petrograd government and the proceeding now in progress. Beaten on this vote they retired and further action came from the Bolshevik authorities.

By a large vote in its favor the All Russian Railroad Congress, also in session at Petrograd, cast its support against the Bolsheviks and in favor of the Socialist and Constitutional Democratic parties passing resolutions which pledged the support of the congress and those whom the delegates to it represent, to the constituent assembly as elected by the people of Russia. The resolutions condemned the Bolshevik authorities for their autocratic course in dispersing the delegates and called for a continuance of the deliberations of the assembly.

NOT ONE DRUNKEN SOLDIER IS SEEN

Returning Red Cross Official Praises Sobriety of American Troops

ATLANTIC PORT, January 21.—(Associated Press)—High tribute to the man of the American army in France was paid yesterday by Colonel Murphy who returned here from France to sever his connection with Red Cross work before joining the staff of General Pershing. Being a graduate of West Point he has felt it his duty to return to the service for which he was trained by his government.

Colonel Murphy said yesterday that while in France he did not see even one soldier of the United States contingent intoxicated. He added the reputation of the United States soldiers, both as individuals and as an army was high in the estimation of the French people.

The Red Cross has, he said, 2500 workers in France at the present time and plans to spend \$25,000,000 there before the first day of May.

Announcement was made from Red Cross headquarters in Washington yesterday that there is an immediate need for 30,000 nurses and the Red Cross is seeking for volunteers.

DENY LANDING TROOPS

PETROGRAD, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Answering requests for information from the Petrograd government the Japanese embassy here yesterday denied that Japan had landed troops at Vladivostok.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

These Tablets are intended especially for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. If you are troubled with heartburn, indigestion or constipation they will do you good. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.—Advertisement.

RUMOR ENGAGEMENT GENERAL PERSHING

Friends of Young Lady Mentioned Deny Report; Frequent Visitor At Father's Ranch

LOS ANGELES, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Despatches from Paris to The Associated Press yesterday said the "Excelsior" printed a photograph of Miss Anita Patton of San Marino, California and says it is reported she is engaged to be married to General Pershing.

Friends here denied the reported engagement to General Pershing. They said she was now enroute East and therefore could not at once deny it for herself.

It is admitted General Pershing has been a frequent visitor at the Patton ranch.

COYNE AND FREEMAN CALLED TO COLORS

Arthur Coyne, president of the Coyne Furniture Company, and Harry L. Freeman, local representative of the Holt Manufacturing Company of California, are the two latest Honoluluans to be called to the colors from civilian life. Both men are called to the ordnance reserve and are assigned to the Hawaiian department.

In addition to these two men five ordnance sergeants of the Hawaiian department were called to active duty in the reserve corps as first lieutenants. These are Ordnance Sgts. William M. Bettry, Leo J. Bon, Thomas Glancy, Fred L. Rice and John Mahon.

Promotion to captaincy was announced from Washington today for First Lieut. Louis Decker, Coast Artillery Corps, National Army.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR CENTRALS IN PHILIPPINES SEEN

Representatives of Planters Return From Investigation of Sugar Industry

NOTHING IS ADDED TO REMARKS IN MANILA

Delegation Will Render Report To Planters Association In Near Future

After having thoroughly investigated the sugar industry of the Philippine islands, the opening for an investment of capital on the part of Hawaiian sugar interests, the needs of central here and opportunities for profitable investment in such sugar mills, Frank T. Atherton, Alonso Gortley Jr., John T. Moir and William Searby, returned to Honolulu yesterday on the steamship Colombia. They expressed themselves as pleased with the outlook.

Asked as to the results of their investigations Mr. Atherton did not add anything to the quotation of a speech which the Manila Bulletin attributed to him before leaving Manila, to the effect that the delegation was practically unanimous in its opinion that recommendation should be given the investment of Hawaiian capital in a central for the Philippine growers.

Mr. Moir said the party found there was room for several centrals in the Philippines and intimated the erection of more than one might be advised but deferred to Mr. Atherton for more definite information.

Mr. Atherton said the delegation was shown every attention, and given opportunities to see the country and inspect the industries and it certainly made a favorable impression upon us. Of course, our report is not to be made public, for it must first be submitted to the sugar planters' association for consideration.

The commission was sent to Manila at the request of certain interests who are developing sugar in the Philippines, and who are investigating a plan or the use of Hawaiian capital in developing arable lands, to aid in building up a greater production of the much-wanted product. A part of the investigation included a plan to establish a mill, the entire project calling for about a million dollars, divided over a period of two years in sums of \$500,000 each year.

Mr. Atherton said the people of the Philippines were showing great patriotism in their desire to raise an army of 25,000 men for service under the American flag in the war against Germany.

Business conditions, he said, seemed good. Many Good Opportunities John Moir, manager of the Onomae Sugar Company, near Hilo, declared himself as satisfied that there are many good opportunities there for profitable investment.

"We traveled all over the group and I was much impressed with the miles of jungles which I believe could be developed into productive agricultural lands," Mr. Moir says.

He expressed the opinion that there was room for a number of centrals in the islands, and intimated that the investigating party might recommend the erection of the centrals by Hawaii capital.

The remark made by Manager Moir may indicate that the Hawaii men are now convinced that there is not only promising prospect for the erection of one central but of several.

"Even under primitive conditions they are producing considerable sugar," Mr. Moir said. He left it mainly to inference that he believed the use of modern methods would greatly increase the Philippine crop.

"Of course, hemp is the great island product," Manager Moir added, and answered to question said that the industry is more likely to attract the surplus capital there than is the sugar industry.

CROCKER NOW NAVY ENSIGN

Millionaire Who Married Miss Helene Irwin, Receives Commission From Department

Templeton Crocker, the California multi-millionaire, who married Miss Helene Irwin, daughter of the late William G. Irwin of Honolulu, and who has been a frequent visitor in Honolulu, has joined the United States navy and is commissioned an ensign.

He received his commission while in New York, and it is expected he will be stationed on the Atlantic Coast. His wife will give up her residence in California temporarily in order to be nearer her husband and will occupy apartments in the metropolis. Crocker is giving up all the official positions he held in California to be free for his official work in the navy.

Ensign Crocker is above the draft age, but did not feel that this was any bar to his undertaking active service. He is a graduate of Yale, where he was the wealthiest student, in 1907. The marriage of Mr. Crocker and Miss Irwin was an important social event in California in 1911. Mr. and Mrs. Crocker on their visits to Honolulu occupy the Irwin homestead at Waikiki Beach.

NEW YORK BELLHOPS

NEW YORK, January 6.—Hotel bellboys have taken up knitting. All hands knit for the army between calls.

MA PROBE DEEPLY IN HAWAII ACCOUNTS

Suit By von Hamm-Young Company Will Lead To Investigation of County Books

HILO, January 15.—Treasurer Charles Swain yesterday stated that he was standing pat on his decision not to honor the auditor's warrant for \$21,576 which had been drawn on Friday last to the order of the Schuman Carriage Company, the Tribune reports.

"I will not pay the warrant until instructed by the court to do so," said Mr. Swain yesterday. "Of course mandamus proceedings may be instituted. This is up to the Schuman people. So far nothing of the sort has been done and I don't know if any such action will be taken."

B. T. Moses, local agent for the Schuman Company, declared that he repudiated the service of the injunction papers.

"I am not an officer of the Schuman Carriage Company, and I refuse to accept service," he declared. The injunction papers must be served on an officer of the company and I believe this will be done in Honolulu, on Tuesday next, when the papers will, I hear, be served on Mr. Paxson, vice-president of the company.

"I should like to say, however, that the claim made by the von Hamm-Young Company that Supervisor Albert Atkins is an employee of the Schuman Carriage Company in Hilo is not correct. Mr. Atkins has been considered for a temporary position connected with the stock taking of what automobile accessories we have in stock. He has not started work on that job yet."

Most Believed True Story One of the grounds on which Mr. West sued out an injunction that no call for tenders was advertised, and rumor has it that all the purchases of the county for the past two years in excess of \$1000 are to be raked up and gone over. On this subject the statute reads:

"No expenditure of public money, except for salaries or pay of officers or employees, or for permanent settlements, subsidies or other claims or objects for which a fixed sum or sums must be paid by law, or for other purposes which do not admit of competition where the sum to be expended shall exceed \$1000 shall be made, except under contract let after public advertisement for sealed tenders, in the manner provided for by law. . . . In this case, the contention of the county will be that machines of a certain make were desirable and that competition was therefore impossible."

PROMINENT RANCHER DIES AT KEALAKEKUA

Death of John D. Paris Comes As Great Shock

John D. Paris, prominent rancher and land owner of Kealahou, Kona, Hawaii, died at his late home on Thursday night, according to wireless advices received in Honolulu yesterday. Burial will be at Kealahou.

Mr. Paris was a native of Kona, Hawaii, and sixty-four years old. A wife and children by a former marriage survive him. He was the descendant of one of the early Missionary Fathers.

The late Mr. Paris was educated in the islands and was prominent in business and other circles. He was a member of the legislature of the Kingdom of Hawaii in 1887, the year the reform movement forced a new and more liberal constitution from the late King Kalakaua. He also served a term as senator in the legislature of 1898 under the regime of the Republic of Hawaii. This was the year of the Spanish-American war and the annexation of Hawaii to the United States as a Territory.

Active In Politics "Mr. Paris' political activities did not cease then, for he was elected as a senator from the island of Hawaii in 1903, serving during that session and that of 1905, being then president of the upper house.

Possessing a good command of the Hawaiian language, Mr. Paris was a power in politics in the island of Hawaii and had the confidence of the Hawaiians in the many campaigns he undertook and the several terms he served as their choice in the island legislature.

He was well known throughout the islands, and particularly more so through the Kona and Kohala, which, for years, he had the real home of Hawaiians. He was conservative, both in politics and business and was a conscientious churchman.

Of late years Mr. Paris spent considerable time in Honolulu, being in the city months at a time and he was here only a few weeks ago. Although well advanced in years he was possessed of robust physique and news of his death comes as a shock to his many friends.

DRAFT EVADER GETS YEAR IN PRISON

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, January 10.—One year in prison, the maximum penalty for failure to appear before a local draft board to undergo examination in connection with the Selective Service Law, was the sentence passed by Judge Tilmann D. Johnson of the federal court upon John W. Riis, socialist and pacifist.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

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JANUARY HARDEST MONTH FOR BRITISH

Doubtful Attitude of Organized Labor Made Situation Extremely Trying

LONDON, January 21.—(Associated Press)—January has been the most trying of all of the months of the long and terrible war for the British people. This has been chiefly occasioned by unrest in labor circles which now seems happily ended.

The trades and labor unions met the demands for more men for the army in a very doubtful spirit. First they insisted upon knowing the war program of the government. This demand brought about the expression of war aims by the premier. These had a splendid effect and they were greatly helped by the embold report of the expression of the United States which produced the passage of some resolutions of approval.

Next followed the speech of Lloyd George in which he set forth the right of soldiers to return if workers should insist that the would not go to the trenches and fight. This appears to have been decisive and the answers given by the government appear to have satisfied organized labor at least for the time.

It is believed the crisis has now been passed.

STONE URGED TO AVOID CRITICISM

Missouri Senator Asked Not To Attack Republicans From Floor As He Intended

WASHINGTON, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Senator Stone has been urged to abandon or at least postpone the delivery of the speech criticizing the Republican minority in congress which he last week announced his intention to deliver today. It is urged to him that this is a time to play party politics, but is a time for conciliation of factions to the end the war may be more successfully waged and the necessary legislation for its conduct may be expedited and not hampered by the bickering which may follow his proposed speech.

Whether the requests of other party leaders in the senate and the arguments of his friends will prevail could not be determined last night when Stone refused to say whether or not he would abandon his expressed intention.

PAINT DISORDERLY GERMAN YELLOW

WATERLOO, Iowa, January 21.—Frank Bruner, a machinist at the Illinois Central railroad shops here, expressed an opinion that "eighty-five percent of the American soldiers are bums" this afternoon. The shopmen painted him yellow from head to feet and the company approved the job by discharging him. The United States commissioner practically told him he got off easily.

Bruner is a German Russian, twelve years in the United States and forty years old. In the back of his waist he carried a picture of the Kaiser.

CALIFORNIA OLIVE CROP IS HELPED BY WEATHER

OROVILLE, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Olive men in this district declare that a record of twenty years has been smashed by climatic conditions this year. Olives in perfect condition are still being reaped at the various olive plants here, and indications are the picking will continue into January. This condition is unprecedented, as cold weather generally stops picking December 10th.

As a result of the favorable weather, the pack will be normal despite the fact that the crop on the trees was light. The olive oil output, however, will be curtailed as fruit is now being processed for ripe olives that owing to damage from cold weather has generally gone into oil.

SPOKANE RED CROSS HAS SOME STRANGE MEMBERS

SPOKANE, Washington, January 21.—(Associated Press)—The Spokane chapter of the Red Cross carries on its membership roll two Angora cats and a bulldog. Likewise, it numbers among its supporters an automobile. The two Angora cats joined because all the other members of the family of Thaddeus S. Lane already were affiliated with the Red Cross, and Mrs. Lane wished to aid further the humanitarian campaign. The bulldog, which belongs to Mrs. John Huns, was given a membership because of the good work being done by Red Cross dogs on the western front, its mistress said.

As for the automobile, its owner signed up for it when his excuse that all the members of his family already had joined the Red Cross was not accepted on grounds for immunity, by enthusiastic campaigners.

HE'S "REARIN' TO GO," SAYS A PATRIOT

WICHITA, Kansas, December 29.—Unable to master the intricacies of the draft questionnaire, John Bush wrote across the face of the document: "Rearin' to go." He was placed in the first classification.

TWO TURKISH CRUISERS ARE DESTROYED BY BRITISH SHIPS

Former German Vessels Goeben and Breslau Meet Defeat, Former Beached and Latter Sunk Off Dardanelles Entrance

ALLIES SHOW ACTIVITY IN WESTERN SECTORS

Heavy Artillery Engagements In Two Sectors of Italian Front; Warships Shower Shells Upon Ostend

NEW YORK, January 21

(Associated Press)—Two Turkish warships, formerly parts of the German navy, have been destroyed in an engagement with ships of the British fleet at the entrance of the Dardanelles. Reports issued by the British Admiralty told of the engagement.

The Turkish battle cruiser Sultan Selim, formerly the Goeben, and the scout cruiser Midulu, formerly the Breslau attacked vessels of the British fleet. In the engagement which followed the Midulu was sunk and the Sultan Selim was driven upon the beach in flames.

SOLD TO TURKS

Both of these vessels fled from the Mediterranean into Turkish waters after the war and were sold by Germany to Turkey and added to the Turkish navy, January 11, 1914. The Sultan Selim (Goeben) had a complement of 1107 men. She was built in 1909, was 610 feet over all, 96½ feet beam and had a draft of 28 feet and was of 23,000 tons registry. Her armament was ten 11 inch guns, twelve 6 inch guns, twelve 24 pounders and four torpedo tubes.

The Midulu (Breslau) was of 4500 tons registry and had a speed of 24½ knots. She was 440 feet over all, forty-three feet beam and had a draft of 16½ feet. She was constructed in 1911.

OSTEND SHELLED

Naval activity off Ostend was reported from Berlin, the official report of yesterday telling of a shelling of the city and its fortifications but giving no details of the damage occasioned.

Other parts of the German official report of the war activities of the day said there was some heavy fighting on the Western front, the British artillery fire to the south of Scarpe being intense while in the Verdun sector the French were very active on both sides of the Marne canal.

ITALIAN FRONT

Increased violence along the Italian front was reported from Rome but the activity was of artillery and there were no infantry engagements of importance. The artillery fire was most vigorous in the Monte Asalone sector and along the lower Piave River.

COAST PAPERS AGREE TO NEW PRICE FOR HOGS

SAN FRANCISCO, January 21.—(Associated Press)—Under agreement between California packing houses and the food administration a minimum price for hogs which is one cent a pound under the Chicago price has been established and will become operative today. The present price is \$15.50 a hundred.

OPEN FACED PIES AID ECONOMIES IN FLOUR

EL PASO, Texas, January 21.—(Associated Press)—"Open faced" pies are being advertised in the local restaurants on wheatless days as a part of the Hoover food administration campaign. Instead of using flour for making the pastry dough which covers the filling of the pie, the bakers have agreed to eliminate this top cover and use graham flour for the bottom and crust. Many restaurants have refused to serve any form of pastry except that made entirely from non-wheat flours on wheatless days.